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WORM GEARS

| TO GET | HAVING | RULE | FORMULA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear pitch (circular axial) | Lead \& number of threads in worm | Divide the lead by the no. of threads in worm | $P x=L / N w$ |
| Normal diametral pitch | Axial diametral pitch \& worm gear helix angle | Divide the axial diametral pitch by the cosine of the work helix angle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pnd = Pxd / } \\ & \text { Cos. } \Psi \end{aligned}$ |
| Axial diametral pitch | Normal diametral pitch \& worm helix angle | Multiple normal diametral pitch by the cosine of the worm helix angle | Pxd = Pnd Cos. $\Psi$ |
|  | No. of teeth in wormwheel \& pitch diameter of wormwheel | Multiply the no. of teeth in the wormwheel by pitch diameter of the wormwheel | Pxd $=$ NG /D |
| Hilix angle of worm | Worm pitch diameter \& lead | Multiply the worm pitch diameter by $\pi$ and divide the product by the lead. The quotient is the co-tangent of the helix angle of the worm. | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{CoTan} \Psi=\pi * \mathrm{Dw} \\ & / \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Normal | Divide the axial | $\cos \Psi=$ Pxd $/$ |


|  | diametral pitch and axial diametral pitch | diametral pitch by the normal diametral pitch | Pnd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pitch diameter of worm | Pitch diameter of wormwheel and center distance | Subtract the pitch diameter of the wormwheel from twice the center distance | Dw = 2C-DG |
|  | Outside diameter and addendum | Subtract twice the addendum from the outside diameter | Dw = D - $2 \alpha$ |
| Pitch diameter of wormwheel | Linear pitch and number of teeth <br> Pitch diameter of worm and center distance | Multiply the number of teeth in the wheel by the linear pitch of the worm, then divide by $\pi$ <br> Divide the worm pitch diameter by 2 minus the center distance, multiplied by 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DG}=\mathrm{NG} * \mathrm{PG} / \\ & \pi \\ & \mathrm{DG}=\mathrm{C} * 2-\mathrm{Dw} \end{aligned}$ |
| Center distance between worm and wormwheel | Pitch diameter of worm and wormwheel | Add pitch diameter of worm and wormwheel, then divide the sum by 2 | $\begin{aligned} & C=D w t * D G / \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Addendum of worm tooth | Linear Pitch | Multiply the pitch by 0.318 | $\alpha=.3183$ * Px |
| Whole depth of worm tooth | Linear pitch | Multiply linear pitch by 0.6866 | $W=0.6866$ * P |
| Bottom diameter of worm | Whole depth and O.D. | Subtract twice the whole depth of tooth from the outside | $B=0-2(W D)$ |


|  |  | diameter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End width of thread tool | Linear pitch | Multiply the linear pitch by 31 | $\mathrm{T}=0.31 * \mathrm{P}$ |
| Throat diameter of worm wheel | Wormwheel P.D. and worm addendum | Add twice the addendum of the worm tooth to the pitch diameter of the wormwheel | $O^{\prime \prime}=\mathrm{D} * 2 \mathrm{~S}$ |
| Radius of worm wheel throat | Worm O.D. and addendum | Subtract the addendum of the worm tooth from half the ouside diameter of the worm | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{U}=0 / 2-2 \\ & (\text { ADD }) \end{aligned}$ |
| Outside diameter of worm | Pitch diameter and addendum | Add together the pitch diameter and two times the addendum | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O}=\mathrm{D} 1+2 \\ & (\mathrm{ADD}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Diameter of worm wheel to sharp corners | Radius of curvature face angle and throat diameter | Multiply the radius curvature of the wormwheel throat by the cosine of half the face ange. Subtract theis qunatity from the radius of curvature, multiply the remainder by 2 . Then add the product to the wormwheel throat diameter. | $\begin{aligned} & O=2 U-u x \cos \\ & A+O^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ |
| Wormwheel helix angle | Worm lead and circumference of the pitch circle | Divide the lead of the worm by the | $\tan (\mathrm{HA})=\mathrm{L} /$ |


|  | of worm | circumference of the pitch circle. The result will be the tangent of the angle. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead of worm | Linear pitch and number of threads in worm | Multiply the linear pitch by the number of threads in worm | $L=P x * N w$ |
| Worm PD | Lead and helix angle of worm | Divide the lead of worm by the tangent of the helix angle then divide by $\pi$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Dw}=(\mathrm{L} / \tan \Psi) \\ & / \boldsymbol{\pi} \end{aligned}$ |
| Lead of worm | Worm Pd and helix angle of worm | Multiply the worm PD by $\pi$ then multiply by the tangent of the helix angle | $\underset{\Psi}{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{Dw} * \pi \operatorname{Tan}$ |
| Number of threads in worm | Lead and axial circular pitch | Divide the lead by the axial circular pitch | Nw = L / Px |
|  | Number of teeth in wormwheel and ratio | Divide the number of teeth in the wormwheel by the ratio | $\mathrm{Nw}=\mathrm{Ng} / \mathrm{mG}$ |
| Number of teeth in wormwheel | Ratio and number of threads in wheel | Multiply the number of teeth in the worm by ratio | $\mathrm{Ng}=\mathrm{mG} * \mathrm{Nw}$ |
| Ratio | Number of teeth in wormwheel and number of threads in worm | Divide the number of teeth in the wormwheel by the number of teeth in the worm | $\mathrm{mG}=\mathrm{NG} / \mathrm{NW}$ |

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